## [New 70-761 Dumps!Braindump2go 70-761 Exam VCE and PDF Dumps 135Q for 100% Passing 70-761 Exam[109-114

2018 February New Microsoft 70-761 Exam Dumps with PDF and VCE Free Updated Today! Following are some new 70-761 Real Exam Questions: 1. 2018 New 70-761 Exam Dumps (PDF & VCE) 135Q&As Download: https://www.braindump2go.com/70-761.html2.|2018 New 70-761 Exam Questions & Answers Download: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B75b5xYLjSSNZG9yTW9reVdkZG8?usp=sharing QUESTION 109You have a disk-based table that contains 15 columns. You query the table for the number of new rows created during the current day. You need to create an index for the query. The solution must generate the smallest possible index. Which type of index should you create? A. clustered B. filtered nonclustered with a getdate() predicate in the WHERE statement clauseC. hashD. nonclustered with compression enabledAnswer: BExplanation: A filtered index is an optimized nonclustered index especially suited to cover queries that select from a well-defined subset of data. It uses a filter predicate to index a portion of rows in the table. A well-designed filtered index can improve query performance as well as reduce index maintenance and storage costs compared with full-table indexes. Creating a filtered index can reduce disk storage for nonclustered indexes when a full-table index is not necessary. References: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/indexes/create-filtered-indexesQUESTION 110Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question. You have a database that contains several connected tables. The tables contain sales data for customers in the United States only. You have the following partial query for the database. (Line numbers are included for reference only.) You need to complete the query to generate the output shown in the following table. Which statement clause should you add at line 3?A. GROUP BYB. MERGEC. GROUP BY ROLLUPD. LEFT JOINE. GROUP BY CUBEF. CROSS JOING. PIVOTH. UNPIVOTAnswer: EExplanation: Example of GROUP BY CUBE result set: In the following example, the CUBE operator returns a result set that has one grouping for all possible combinations of columns in the CUBE list and a grand total grouping. References: https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb522495(v=sql.105).aspxQUESTION 111Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question. You have a database that contains several connected tables. The tables contain sales data for customers in the United States only. 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The size of a Cartesian product result set is the number of rows in the first table multiplied by the number of rows in the second table.References: https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms190690(v=sql.105).aspxQUESTION 113You create a table by running the following Transact-SQL statement: You need to view all customer data. Which Transact-SQL B. C. D. E. F. G. H. Answer: BExplanation: The FOR SYSTEM\_TIME ALL clause returns all the row versions from both the Temporal and History table.References: https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn935015.aspxQUESTION 114SIMULATIONYou have a table named Cities that has the following two columns: CityID and CityName. The CityID column uses the int data type, and CityName uses nvarchar(max). You have a table named RawSurvey. Each row includes an identifier for a question and the number of persons that responded to that question from each of four cities. The table contains the following representative data: A reporting table named SurveyReport has

the following columns: CityID, QuestionID, and RawCount, where RawCount is the value from the RawSurvey table. You need to write a Transact-SQL query to meet the following requirements: Retrieve data from the RawSurvey table in the format of the SurveyReport table. The CityID must contain the CityID of the city that was surveyed. The order of cities in all SELECT queries must match the order in the RawSurvey table. The order of cities in all IN statements must match the order in the RawSurvey table. Construct the query using the following guidelines: Use one-part names to reference tables and columns, except where not possible. ALL SELECT statements must specify columns. Do not use column or table aliases, except those provided. Do not surround object names with square brackets. Part of the correct Transact-SQL has been provided in the answer area below. Enter the code in the answer area that resolves the problem and meets the stated goals or requirements. You can add code within the code that has been provided as well as below it. Use the Check Syntax button to verify your work. Any syntax or spelling errors will be reported by line and character position. Answer: 1 SELECT Rawcount2 from (select cityid,questioned,rawcount) AS t13 unpivot4 (rawcount for questioned in (QuestionID)) AS t25 JOIN t26. ON t1. CityName = t2. cityNameUNPIVOT must be used to rotate columns of the Rawsurvey table into column values. References: <a href="https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms177410(v=sql.105).aspx">https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms177410(v=sql.105).aspx</a> !!!RECOMMEND!!!1.|2018 New 70-761 Exam Dumps (PDF & VCE) 135Q&As Download: https://www.braindump2go.com/70-761.html2.|2018 New 70-761 Study Guide Video: YouTube Video: YouTube.com/watch?v=7Q-ah51thwA